

CUET PG 2023 Mathematics Question Paper

June 5 (Memory-based)

Question 1. $y = x^2$, $y = 4 - x^2$. Find the area bounded by these two parabola.

A. $16\sqrt{2} / 3$

B. $16\sqrt{2} / 5$

C. $6\sqrt{2} / 3$

D. $\sqrt{2} / 3$

Answer. A

Solution. To find the area bounded by the two parabolas $y = x^2$ and $y = 4 - x^2$, we need to determine the points of intersection between the two curves. Let's set the two equations equal to each other:

$$x^2 = 4 - x^2$$

$$2x^2 = 4$$

$$x^2 = 2$$

Taking the square root of both sides, we get:

$$x = \pm\sqrt{2}$$

The two points of intersection are $(\sqrt{2}, 2)$ and $(-\sqrt{2}, 2)$.

To find the area bounded by the curves, we need to integrate the difference between the two curves with respect to x over the interval $[-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]$.

$$\text{Area} = \int_{[a,b]} (f(x) - g(x)) \, dx$$

where $f(x)$ is the upper curve ($y = 4 - x^2$) and $g(x)$ is the lower curve ($y = x^2$).

$$\text{Area} = \int_{-\sqrt{2}}^{\sqrt{2}} ((4 - x^2) - x^2) dx$$

$$\text{Area} = \int_{-\sqrt{2}}^{\sqrt{2}} (4 - 2x^2) dx$$

Integrating the expression, we get:

$$\text{Area} = [4x - (2/3)x^3] \text{ evaluated from } -\sqrt{2} \text{ to } \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{Area} = (4\sqrt{2} - (2/3)(\sqrt{2})^3) - (4(-\sqrt{2}) - (2/3)(-\sqrt{2})^3)$$

Simplifying further, we have:

$$\text{Area} = (4\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2}/3) - (-4\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2}/3)$$

$$\text{Area} = (4\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2}/3) + (4\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2}/3)$$

$$\text{Area} = 8\sqrt{2}/3 + 8\sqrt{2}/3$$

$$\text{Area} = (16\sqrt{2}/3) + (16\sqrt{2}/3)$$

$$\text{Area} = 32\sqrt{2}/3$$

Therefore, the area bounded by the two parabolas $y = x^2$ and $y = 4 - x^2$ is $32\sqrt{2}/3$.

The closest option to this value is $16\sqrt{2}/3$, so the answer would be $16\sqrt{2}/3$.

Question 2. $u = \cos^{-1} (x+y) / (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y})$. Given $x < y$
Find the value of $xu_x + yu_y = ?$