

Physics**Question 1.**

A proton, an electron, and an alpha particle have the same energies. Their de-Broglie wavelengths will be compared as:

1. $\lambda_e > \lambda_\alpha > \lambda_p$
 2. $\lambda_\alpha < \lambda_p < \lambda_e$
 3. $\lambda_p < \lambda_e < \lambda_\alpha$
 4. $\lambda_p > \lambda_e > \lambda_\alpha$
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Question 2.

A particle moving in a straight line covers half the distance with speed 6 m/s. The other half is covered in two equal time intervals with speeds 9 m/s and 15 m/s, respectively. The average speed of the particle during the motion is:

1. 8.8 m/s
 2. 10 m/s
 3. 9.2 m/s
 4. 8 m/s
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Question 3.

A plane EM wave is propagating along the x -direction. It has a wavelength of 4 mm. If the electric field is in the y -direction with the maximum magnitude of 60 Vm^{-1} , the equation for the magnetic field is:

1. $B_z = 60 \sin \left[\frac{\pi}{2} (x - 3 \times 10^8 t) \right] \hat{k} \text{ T}$
 2. $B_z = 2 \times 10^{-7} \sin \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \times 10^3 (x - 3 \times 10^8 t) \right] \hat{k} \text{ T}$
 3. $B_x = 60 \sin \left[\frac{\pi}{2} (x - 3 \times 10^8 t) \right] \hat{i} \text{ T}$
 4. $B_z = 2 \times 10^{-7} \sin \left[\frac{\pi}{2} (x - 3 \times 10^8 t) \right] \hat{k} \text{ T}$
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Question 4.

Given below are two statements: **Statement (I):** When an object is placed at the centre of curvature of a concave lens, the image is formed at the centre of curvature of the lens on the other side.

Statement (II): Concave lens always forms a virtual and erect image.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. Statement I is false but Statement II is true.

2. Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
3. Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
4. Both Statement I and Statement II are true.

Question 5.

A light-emitting diode (LED) is fabricated using GaAs semiconducting material whose band gap is 1.42 eV. The wavelength of light emitted from the LED is:

1. 650 nm
2. 1243 nm
3. 875 nm
4. 1400 nm

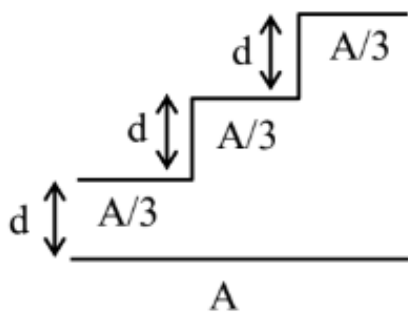
Question 6.

A sphere of relative density σ and diameter D has a concentric cavity of diameter d . The ratio of $\frac{D}{d}$, if it just floats on water in a tank, is:

1. $\left(\frac{\sigma}{\sigma-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
2. $\left(\frac{\sigma+1}{\sigma-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
3. $\left(\frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
4. $\left(\frac{\sigma-2}{\sigma+2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

Question 7.

A capacitor is made of a flat plate of area A and a second plate having a stair-like structure as shown in the figure. If the area of each stair is $\frac{A}{3}$ and the height is d , the capacitance of the arrangement is:



1. $\frac{11\epsilon_0 A}{18d}$
2. $\frac{13\epsilon_0 A}{17d}$

3. $\frac{11\epsilon_0 A}{20d}$

4. $\frac{18\epsilon_0 A}{11d}$

Question 8.

A light, unstretchable string passing over a smooth light pulley connects two blocks of masses m_1 and m_2 . If the acceleration of the system is $\frac{g}{8}$, then the ratio of the masses $\frac{m_2}{m_1}$ is:

1. 9 : 7

2. 4 : 3

3. 5 : 3

4. 8 : 1

Question 9.

The dimensional formula of latent heat is:

1. $[M^0 L T^{-2}]$

2. $[M L T^{-2}]$

3. $[M^0 L^2 T^{-2}]$

4. $[M L^2 T^2]$

Question 10.

The volume of an ideal gas ($\gamma = 1.5$) is changed adiabatically from 5 litres to 4 litres. The ratio of initial pressure to final pressure is:

1. $\frac{4}{5}$

2. $\frac{16}{25}$

3. $\frac{8}{5\sqrt{5}}$

4. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$

Question 11.

The energy equivalent of 1 g of substance is:

1. $11.2 \times 10^{24} \text{ MeV}$

2. $5.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ MeV}$

3. 5.6 eV

4. $5.6 \times 10^{26} \text{ MeV}$

Question 12.

An astronaut takes a ball of mass m from Earth to space. He throws the ball into a circular orbit about Earth at an altitude of 318.5 km. From Earth's surface to the orbit, the change in total mechanical energy of the ball is $x \frac{GM_em}{21R_e}$. The value of x is:

1. 11
2. 9
3. 12
4. 10

Question 13.

Given below are two statements:

- **Statement I:** When currents vary with time, Newton's third law is valid only if momentum carried by the electromagnetic field is taken into account.
- **Statement II:** Ampere's circuital law does not depend on Biot-Savart's law.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
2. Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
3. Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
4. Both Statement I and Statement II are true.

Question 14.

A particle of mass m moves on a straight line with its velocity increasing with distance according to the equation $v = \alpha\sqrt{x}$, where α is a constant. The total work done by all the forces applied on the particle during its displacement from $x = 0$ to $x = d$, will be:

1. $\frac{m}{2\alpha^2 d}$
2. $\frac{md}{2\alpha^2}$
3. $\frac{m\alpha^2 d}{2}$
4. $2m\alpha^2 d$

Question 15.

A galvanometer has a coil of resistance $200\ \Omega$ with a full-scale deflection at $20\ \mu\text{A}$. The value of resistance to be added to use it as an ammeter of range 0–20 mA is:

1. $0.40\ \Omega$
 2. $0.20\ \Omega$
 3. $0.50\ \Omega$
 4. $0.10\ \Omega$
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Question 16.

A heavy iron bar, of weight W , is having its one end on the ground and the other on the shoulder of a person. The bar makes an angle θ with the horizontal. The weight experienced by the person is:

1. $\frac{W}{2}$
 2. W
 3. $W \cos \theta$
 4. $W \sin \theta$
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Question 17.

One main scale division of a vernier caliper is equal to m units. If n^{th} division of the main scale coincides with $(n + 1)^{th}$ division of the vernier scale, the least count of the vernier caliper is:

1. $\frac{n}{n+1}$
 2. $\frac{m}{n+1}$
 3. $\frac{1}{n+1}$
 4. $\frac{m}{n(n+1)}$
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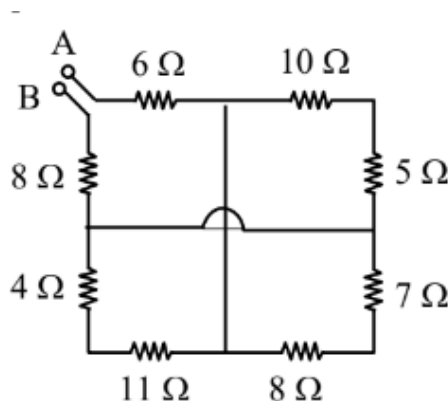
Question 18.

A bulb and a capacitor are connected in series across an AC supply. A dielectric is then placed between the plates of the capacitor. The glow of the bulb:

1. increases
 2. remains same
 3. becomes zero
 4. decreases
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Question 19.

The equivalent resistance between A and B is:



1. 18Ω
2. 25Ω
3. 27Ω
4. 19Ω

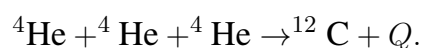
Question 21.

If $\vec{a}$ and $\vec{b}$ make an angle $\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \right)$ with each other, then $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = \sqrt{2}|\vec{a} - \vec{b}|$ for $|\vec{a}| = n|\vec{b}|$. The integer value of n is:

Question 22. At the centre of a half-ring of radius $R = 10$ cm and linear charge density 4 nC/m, the potential is $x\pi V$. The value of x is _____.

Question 23.

A star has 100% helium composition. It starts to convert three ${}^4\text{He}$ into ${}^{12}\text{C}$ via the triple alpha process as:



The mass of the star is 2.0×10^{32} kg and it generates energy at the rate of 5.808×10^{30} W. The rate of converting these ${}^4\text{He}$ to ${}^{12}\text{C}$ is $n \times 10^{42} \text{ s}^{-1}$, where n is [Take, mass of ${}^4\text{He} = 4.0026$ u, mass of ${}^{12}\text{C} = 12$ u].

Question 24.

In a Young's double-slit experiment, the intensity at a point is $\frac{1}{4}$ of the maximum intensity. The minimum distance of the point from the central maximum is μm . (Given: $\lambda = 600$ nm, $d = 1.0$ mm, $D = 1.0$ m)

Question 25.

A string is wrapped around the rim of a wheel of moment of inertia 0.40 kgm^2 and radius 10 cm. The wheel is free to rotate about its axis. Initially, the wheel is at rest. The string is now pulled by a force of 40 N. The angular velocity of the wheel after 10 s is x rad/s, where x is

Question 26.

A square loop of edge length 2 m carrying a current of 2 A is placed with its edges parallel to the x - y -axis. A magnetic field is passing through the x - y -plane and is expressed as:

$$\vec{B} = B_0(1 + 4x)\hat{k},$$

where $B_0 = 5$ T. The net magnetic force experienced by the loop is N.

Question 27.

Two persons pull a wire towards themselves. Each person exerts a force of 200 N on the wire. The Young's modulus of the material of the wire is 1×10^{11} N/m². The original length of the wire is 2 m, and the area of the cross-section is 2 cm². The wire will extend in length by μ m.

Question 28.

When a coil is connected across a 20 V DC supply, it draws a current of 5 A. When it is connected across a 20 V, 50 Hz AC supply, it draws a current of 4 A. The self-inductance of the coil is mH. ($\pi = 3$)

Question 29.

The position, velocity, and acceleration of a particle executing simple harmonic motion are found to have magnitudes of 4 m, 2 ms⁻¹, and 16 ms⁻² at a certain instant. The amplitude of the motion is $\sqrt{x}$ m, where x is

Question 30.

The current flowing through the 1 Ω resistor is $\frac{n}{10}$. The value of n is

