

CUET PG 2026 Sociology Question Paper (Memory Based)

Time Allowed :1 Hours 30 minutes

Maximum Marks :300

Total Questions :75

General Instructions

1. The exam lasts 90 minutes (1 hour 30 minutes).
2. There are 75 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) to be answered.
3. +4 marks for every correct answer. -1 mark (negative marking) for every incorrect answer. 0 marks for unanswered or un-attempted questions.
4. For any discrepancy in questions, the English version is considered final (except for language-specific papers).
5. Click one of the four options to choose an answer.
6. You must click "Save & Next" to confirm your response. Only saved answers are considered for evaluation.
7. Use "Mark for Review & Next" to flag a question for later. You can unselect or change your answer using the "Clear Response" button.
8. All calculations must be done on the Rough Sheets provided at the centre. These must be returned to the invigilator after the exam.

1. Who coined the term "Sanskritisation" to describe social change in India?

- (A) Louis Dumont
- (B) M. N. Srinivas
- (C) G. S. Ghurye
- (D) Max Weber

2. Which amendment to the Indian Constitution provided 33% reservation for women in Panchayati Raj institutions?

- (A) 42nd Amendment
- (B) 44th Amendment
- (C) 73rd Amendment
- (D) 86th Amendment

3. According to Robert Merton, what is the term for individuals who accept societal goals but use illegal means to achieve them?

- (A) Conformity
- (B) Innovation

- (C) Ritualism
 - (D) Retreatism
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4. What is the correct chronological sequence of steps in the social research process?

- (A) Data collection → Hypothesis formulation → Analysis → Conclusion
 - (B) Problem identification → Hypothesis formulation → Data collection → Analysis → Conclusion
 - (C) Hypothesis formulation → Problem identification → Data collection → Conclusion
 - (D) Analysis → Data collection → Hypothesis formulation → Conclusion
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5. In which year was the Dowry Prohibition Act passed in India?

- (A) 1955
 - (B) 1961
 - (C) 1976
 - (D) 1984
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6. The concept of the "Power Elite" is most closely associated with which sociological thinker?

- (A) Karl Marx
 - (B) Max Weber
 - (C) C. Wright Mills
 - (D) Talcott Parsons
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7. Which term describes the number of deaths of children under one year of age per 1,000 live births?

- (A) Birth Rate
 - (B) Mortality Rate
 - (C) Infant Mortality Rate
 - (D) Life Expectancy
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8. Who authored the famous book The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism?

- (A) Karl Marx
- (B) Emile Durkheim

- (C) Max Weber
 - (D) Herbert Spencer
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9. What type of sampling ensures that every member of the population has an equal chance of being selected?

- (A) Stratified Sampling
 - (B) Systematic Sampling
 - (C) Random Sampling
 - (D) Purposive Sampling
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10. Which movement in India was specifically aimed at protecting trees in the Himalayan region?

- (A) Narmada Bachao Andolan
 - (B) Chipko Movement
 - (C) Silent Valley Movement
 - (D) Bishnoi Movement
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