

CBSE Class 10 Introduction to Tourism Question Paper 2026 with Solutions

Time Allowed :3 Hours	Maximum Marks :80	Total Questions :38
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General Instructions

1. The paper is divided into Section A and Section B.
2. Section A includes objective-type, short answer, and long answer questions.
3. All questions in Section A are compulsory.
4. Section B contains elective questions based on the chosen topic.
5. Answers must be written legibly within the word limit.
6. Use of unfair means or electronic devices is prohibited.
7. Follow the correct format and instructions for each section.

1. Identify the Economic Impact of Tourism from below given points:

- (A) Employment Generation
- (B) Cultural Awareness
- (C) Tree Plantation
- (D) Community Awareness

Correct Answer: (A) Employment Generation

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Tourism acts as a major catalyst for the economic development of a region.

Impacts can be categorized as Economic (money and jobs), Socio-cultural (traditions and society), and Environmental (nature).

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

(A) **Employment Generation:** This is a direct economic benefit. Tourism creates a wide range of jobs in sectors like hospitality, transport, and tour operations.

(B) **Cultural Awareness:** This is a socio-cultural impact that helps in preserving local heritage and promoting mutual respect between cultures.

(C) **Tree Plantation:** This is an environmental impact focused on ecological conservation.

(D) **Community Awareness:** This is a social impact where local communities become more conscious of their own surroundings and rights.

Step 3: Final Answer:

The only point that directly relates to the financial and livelihood aspect of an economy is Employment Generation.

 Quick Tip

Always associate "Economic Impact" with money, jobs, tax revenue, or infrastructure development.

2. An Indian resident of New Delhi visits Jaipur City with family for a holiday. This is an example of

- (A) Inbound Tourism
- (B) Outbound Tourism
- (C) International
- (D) Domestic Tourism

Correct Answer: (D) Domestic Tourism

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

The classification of tourism depends on the traveler's residency and the geographical boundaries they cross.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Domestic Tourism: This refers to residents of a given country traveling only within that country.

In this scenario, the traveler is from New Delhi (India) and is visiting Jaipur (India).

Because both the origin and the destination are within the national borders of India, it is classified as domestic tourism.

Inbound Tourism: Non-residents coming into a country from abroad.

Outbound Tourism: Residents of a country traveling to another foreign country.

International Tourism: Comprises both Inbound and Outbound tourism.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Travel within the same country by its residents is Domestic Tourism.

 Quick Tip

To identify Domestic Tourism, check if the traveler and the destination share the same nationality/country.

3. 'Athithi Devo Bhava' means -----.

- (A) Hosts are like God
- (B) Guests are like God

- (C) Hosts are God men
- (D) Guests are God men

Correct Answer: (B) Guests are like God

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

'Atithi Devo Bhava' is a Sanskrit verse taken from the Taittiriya Upanishad, which is fundamental to the Indian philosophy of hospitality.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

The term can be broken down as follows:

1. **Atithi:** Guest (one who does not have a fixed date of arrival).
2. **Devo:** God.
3. **Bhava:** To be / Becomes.

Essentially, it means "The Guest is God." This philosophy encourages hosts to treat every visitor with the utmost respect, care, and selfless service, elevating the guest to the status of a deity.

Step 3: Final Answer:

The phrase translates to 'Guests are like God'.

 Quick Tip

This is the official tagline of India's Ministry of Tourism, promoting hospitality standards.

4. Tourists who travel to a country other than the one in which they normally live are termed as

- (A) International tourists
- (B) Domestic tourists
- (C) Guests
- (D) Visitors

Correct Answer: (A) International tourists

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Tourism statistics categorize travelers based on their movement relative to international borders.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

When an individual travels to a foreign country (a country where they do not hold permanent residence) for any purpose other than being employed by a resident entity there, they are known

as **International tourists**.

Domestic tourists stay within their country of residence.

"Visitors" is a broad umbrella term including both tourists (who stay overnight) and excursionists (who return the same day).

"Guests" is a general service-industry term for customers.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Traveling across international borders makes a person an International tourist.

💡 Quick Tip

The word "International" always implies crossing a national boundary or border.

5. GIT is the term used for

- (A) Individual traveler
- (B) Guest traveler
- (C) Group travelers
- (D) Free traveler

Correct Answer: (C) Group travelers

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Tourism management uses specific acronyms to differentiate between types of travel bookings and group sizes.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

GIT stands for **Group Inclusive Tour**.

This refers to a group of people (usually 10 or more) who travel together on a pre-planned itinerary. These tours are often sold as packages including flights, hotels, and sightseeing.

In contrast, **FIT** (Free Independent Traveler) refers to individuals or small families traveling on their own.

Step 3: Final Answer:

GIT specifically identifies Group travelers.

💡 Quick Tip

G = Group. Always remember GIT for groups and FIT for individuals or small families.

6. Mr. Sharma wants to book a room which is on the terrace/top floor of the hotel, part of which is open to the sky. Which of the following type of room shall he book?

- (A) Cabana Room
- (B) Lanai Room
- (C) Pent House
- (D) Suite

Correct Answer: (C) Pent House

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Hotels categorize rooms based on location, size, and specific architectural features.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

- (A) **Cabana Room:** Located near a swimming pool or water body, often providing direct access or a changing area.
- (B) **Lanai Room:** Common in resorts, these rooms have a veranda or roofed balcony with a garden or water view.
- (C) **Pent House:** This is a luxury suite situated on the top floor (terrace) of the hotel. It typically includes extra amenities and private outdoor space that may be open to the sky.
- (D) **Suite:** A large room consisting of a separate living area and bedroom, but not necessarily on the top floor.

Step 3: Final Answer:

The description of a top-floor room with an open-to-sky section matches the definition of a Pent House.

💡 Quick Tip
Keywords for Pent House: "Top floor", "Terrace", and "Open to sky".

7. GIT is the term used for

- (A) Individual traveler
- (B) Guest traveler
- (C) Group travelers
- (D) Free traveler

Correct Answer: (C) Group travelers

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

The travel industry relies on standardized terms to categorize clients for logistical and marketing purposes.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

GIT stands for **Group Inclusive Tour**.

It defines a travel model where a fixed number of people (a group) travel on the same schedule, often benefiting from bulk discounts on hotels and transport. It is the opposite of solo or independent travel.

Step 3: Final Answer:

The term GIT is used for Group travelers.

💡 Quick Tip

Group Inclusive Tours (GIT) are usually coordinated by tour operators for large numbers of people traveling together.

8. Mr. Sharma wants to book a room which is on the terrace/top floor of the hotel, part of which is open to the sky. Which of the following type of room shall he book?

- (A) Cabana Room
- (B) Lanai Room
- (C) Pent House
- (D) Suite

Correct Answer: (C) Pent House

Solution:**Step 1: Understanding the Concept:**

This question requires knowledge of specific luxury room classifications in the hospitality industry.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

A **Pent House** is considered the most premium offering in a hotel. Its defining feature is its location on the highest floor, often utilizing the roof/terrace space. The "open to the sky" feature refers to private patios or terraces that come as part of the suite, offering panoramic views.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Mr. Sharma should book a Pent House to get a top-floor room with sky access.

💡 Quick Tip

Always differentiate rooms by their primary location: Cabana (Pool), Lanai (Veranda), Pent House (Roof).

9. Which of the following is not a part of Body Language?

- (A) Facial expressions
- (B) The use of space
- (C) Clarity of speech
- (D) Gestures

Correct Answer: (C) Clarity of speech

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Body language is a type of non-verbal communication where physical behaviors express information.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Body Language includes:

1. **Facial expressions:** Smiles, frowns, eye contact.
2. **Gestures:** Hand and arm movements.
3. **The use of space (Proxemics):** How close you stand to someone.
4. **Posture:** How you sit or stand.

Clarity of speech refers to how clearly a person articulates words. This is part of **Verbal Communication** (or Para-verbal, if discussing tone/pitch), as it involves the use of sound and language rather than physical body movement.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Since Clarity of speech involves vocalization, it is not part of body language.

💡 Quick Tip

Body language = Visual cues. Speech = Auditory cues. This is the simplest way to distinguish them.

10. Identify the type of motivation, we do things because they make us happy, healthy and feel good.

- (A) External Motivation
- (B) Internal Motivation

- (C) Identified Motivation
- (D) Interjected Motivation

Correct Answer: (B) Internal Motivation

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Motivation is the internal or external drive that prompts an individual to take action.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Internal (Intrinsic) Motivation: This comes from within. You do an activity because it is inherently satisfying, enjoyable, or beneficial for your personal well-being (like health or happiness).

External (Extrinsic) Motivation: This comes from outside rewards or pressures, such as money, grades, or avoiding punishment.

The scenario mentions "happy, healthy and feel good," which are internal states of satisfaction, thus indicating internal motivation.

Step 3: Final Answer:

The described scenario is an example of Internal Motivation.

 Quick Tip

Ask: "Is the reward inside me (feeling good) or outside me (money)?" This helps identify the motivation type.

11. Which of the following does not come under self-employment?

- (A) Cooking in a restaurant
- (B) Owning a clothing business
- (C) Having a dosa selling stall
- (D) Running a home bakery

Correct Answer: (A) Cooking in a restaurant

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Self-employment involves working for oneself as a business owner, while wage employment involves working for an employer in exchange for a salary.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

(A) **Cooking in a restaurant:** This usually implies the person is an employee (chef/cook) working for a restaurant owner. This is **Wage Employment**.

- (B) **Owning a clothing business:** The person is the entrepreneur/owner. This is self-employment.
- (C) **Having a dosa selling stall:** This is a small business venture run by the individual. This is self-employment.
- (D) **Running a home bakery:** This is an entrepreneurial activity. This is self-employment.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Cooking as an employee in a restaurant is not self-employment.

 Quick Tip

If you have a boss who pays you a salary, you are in Wage Employment. If you are the boss, you are Self-Employed.

12. How many sustainable development goals are given by the United Nations?

- (A) 18
(B) 17
(C) 15
(D) 20

Correct Answer: (B) 17

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are a universal call to action to end poverty, protect the planet, and ensure peace and prosperity by 2030.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Adopted by all United Nations Member States in 2015, there are exactly 17 global goals. These include objectives like No Poverty, Zero Hunger, Gender Equality, and Climate Action. Each goal has specific targets to be achieved.

Step 3: Final Answer:

There are 17 sustainable development goals.

 Quick Tip

The number 17 is a fixed global standard for the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

13. Passiveness and Aggressiveness of mind depicts in _____ of arms.

- (A) Crossing
- (B) Movement
- (C) Rotation
- (D) Extension

Correct Answer: (A) Crossing

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Postures in body language often reflect a person's underlying emotional or mental state.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Crossing arms is frequently interpreted as a defensive, passive, or aggressive posture. It creates a physical barrier between the speaker and the listener, suggesting that the person is closed off, feeling defensive (passive), or showing a stance of resistance/disagreement (aggressive).

Step 3: Final Answer:

The mental states of passiveness or aggressiveness are depicted in the crossing of arms.

💡 Quick Tip

In a service industry like tourism, crossing arms should be avoided as it signals being "unwelcoming" or "closed."

14. Color of our eyes, Shape of our body and face are the example of which determinant of personality?

- (A) Culture
- (B) Family Background
- (C) Experience
- (D) Heredity

Correct Answer: (D) Heredity

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Personality is shaped by three main determinants: Heredity (biology), Environment (culture/family), and Situation (experience).

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Heredity refers to the genetic factors that are passed from parents to children at the time of

conception. Physical traits such as eye color, facial features, height, and biological temperament are predetermined by these genetic codes.

Culture and **Family Background** shape behavior and values, while **Experience** shapes how we react to the world.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Physical characteristics like eye color and body shape are governed by Heredity.

 Quick Tip

If the trait is biological and present since birth, it falls under the "Heredity" category of personality determinants.

15. The way of thinking or feeling about something that is normally reflected in behavior is termed as

- (A) Emotions
- (B) Values
- (C) Interest
- (D) Attitude

Correct Answer: (D) Attitude

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Our internal dispositions dictate how we interact with the world around us.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Attitude is a psychological construct composed of three parts:

1. **Cognitive:** What we think.
2. **Affective:** What we feel.
3. **Behavioral:** How we act.

Therefore, the way we think and feel about something (an object, person, or idea) that eventually shows up in our actions is defined as our attitude.

Step 3: Final Answer:

The term for thinking and feeling reflected in behavior is Attitude.

 Quick Tip

Remember the formula: Thought + Feeling + Behavior = Attitude.

16. It means developing the ability to see positive things and lessen the tension in environment.

- (A) Educate yourself
- (B) Having a sense of humor
- (C) Examine your attitude
- (D) Communication

Correct Answer: (B) Having a sense of humor

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Stress management and positive social interaction skills are vital in high-pressure service environments like tourism.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

A **sense of humor** allows an individual to perceive the lighter or ironic side of a situation. It helps in:

1. Relieving personal stress.
2. Breaking the ice in difficult customer interactions.
3. Lowering the overall tension in a workspace.

While "Examine your attitude" is good, it is a broader reflective process. A "Sense of humor" is the specific tool used to actively lighten a situation and see the positive.

Step 3: Final Answer:

The ability to see positives and reduce tension is characteristic of having a sense of humor.

Quick Tip
In the tourism industry, a sense of humor is a powerful "soft skill" for conflict resolution.

17. What do you understand by Domestic Tourism? Give one example.

Correct Answer:

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Domestic tourism describes travel activities that occur within the national boundaries of a

resident's home country.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Definition: Domestic tourism involves residents of a country traveling only within that same country. It is the activity of a visitor who travels to a place within their own country of residence but outside their usual environment for a period not exceeding one year.

Key Characteristics:

1. No passport or visa is generally required.
2. Usually involves the use of domestic currency.
3. There are no major language or cultural barriers as compared to international travel.

Example:

A family living in Bangalore travels to Mysore for a weekend to visit the Mysore Palace. Since both the origin (Bangalore) and destination (Mysore) are within India, this is domestic tourism.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Domestic tourism is travel within one's own country. Example: A resident of Chennai visiting the backwaters of Kerala.

 Quick Tip

Domestic tourism is the largest segment of the tourism industry in many countries, providing stable income for local businesses.

18. Why is Travel Literature considered important?

Correct Answer:

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Travel literature includes all written records of travel, such as guidebooks, travelogues, brochures, and digital travel blogs.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

Travel literature is important because:

1. **Source of Information:** It provides essential details about destinations, such as how to reach, where to stay, and what to see.
2. **Promotional Tool:** It acts as a marketing medium for tourism departments to attract visitors through enticing descriptions.
3. **Cultural Preservation:** It records the traditions, history, and social life of a place, helping to preserve cultural identity.
4. **Guidance for Travelers:** It helps tourists plan their budgets and itineraries based on

expert reviews or past experiences of others.

5. **Historical Record:** It allows us to understand how geographical locations and societies have changed over time.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Travel literature is vital for providing destination information, promoting tourism, and educating travelers about different cultures.

 Quick Tip

Consider travel literature as the "voice" of a destination that reaches people before they actually visit.

19. What qualities do you think are required to become an ideal Entrepreneur? List out any four of them.

Correct Answer:

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

An entrepreneur is an individual who creates a new business, bearing most of the risks and enjoying most of the rewards.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

An ideal entrepreneur should possess the following qualities:

1. **Creativity and Innovation:** The ability to come up with new ideas, products, or unique ways of solving problems.
 2. **Risk-Taking Ability:** The courage to invest money and effort into a venture with an uncertain outcome.
 3. **Self-Motivation:** The inner drive to keep working hard without constant external supervision.
 4. **Resilience/Persistence:** The ability to stay focused and continue working even after facing failures or setbacks.
- (Other qualities include Leadership, Effective Communication, and Decision-making).

Step 3: Final Answer:

The four essential qualities are Innovation, Risk-taking, Self-motivation, and Resilience.

💡 Quick Tip

An entrepreneur is not just a business owner; they are a "visionary" who identifies opportunities others might miss.

20. What is Sustainable development?

Correct Answer:

Solution:

Step 1: Understanding the Concept:

Sustainable development is a balanced approach to progress that ensures we don't destroy the planet for future generations.

Step 2: Detailed Explanation:

The most widely accepted definition comes from the Brundtland Report (1987):

"Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."

It is based on three pillars:

1. **Environmental Sustainability:** Protecting natural resources and ecosystems.
2. **Social Sustainability:** Promoting equality, peace, and cultural integrity.
3. **Economic Sustainability:** Creating profit and growth without harming the other two pillars.

In tourism, this means managing destinations so that the environment and local culture remain intact for decades to come.

Step 3: Final Answer:

Sustainable development is the process of growing economically while preserving the environment and social well-being for the future.

💡 Quick Tip

Think of sustainability as "using resources wisely today so they are available tomorrow."