

Paper:	HOME SCIENCE
Set Name:	HMS05
Exam Date:	15 Jul 2022
Exam Shift:	1
Language:	English

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	1
Question ID:	100801
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Colour is all around us in many forms. It is one of the most important aspects of all textile materials - be it for apparel, household, commercial or institutional use. The identity of the product is most often attributed to colour. Everyone responds to colour and has definite preferences. Colour reflects the season, events and the spirit of people. The choice is affected by culture, tradition, climate, season, occasion or purely personal reason. Colour is an important part of fashion. Designers carefully choose fabric colours to make a definite statement. Colour can be defined as reflection of light striking the surface of an object. It is the visual sensation resulting from reflection of visible light rays that strike the retina and stimulate cells in the nerves of the eye. The nerves send a message to the brain, which produces a sensation of a specific kind, and we see colour. The colour that is observed by the brain is dependent on the particular wavelength or combination of wavelengths of the light source. To see colour on any material, light must be reflected from the object to be seen by the eye. When all light rays are reflected, the object appears white; when none are reflected it is black. The intensity is the purity of colour. The colours, which are displayed in a rainbow are represented by the acronym VIBGYOR. We see a rainbow, because white light is split into different wavelengths. Light rays when they enter our eyes, strike the : (1) Retina (2) Choroid (3) Iris (4) Rod cells
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	2
Question ID:	100802

Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Colour is all around us in many forms. It is one of the most important aspects of all textile materials - be it for apparel, household, commercial or institutional use. The identity of the product is most often attributed to colour. Everyone responds to colour and has definite preferences. Colour reflects the season, events and the spirit of people. The choice is affected by culture, tradition, climate, season, occasion or purely personal reason. Colour is an important part of fashion. Designers carefully choose fabric colours to make a definite statement. Colour can be defined as reflection of light striking the surface of an object. It is the visual sensation resulting from reflection of visible light rays that strike the retina and stimulate cells in the nerves of the eye. The nerves send a message to the brain, which produces a sensation of a specific kind, and we see colour. The colour that is observed by the brain is dependent on the particular wavelength or combination of wavelengths of the light source. To see colour on any material, light must be reflected from the object to be seen by the eye. When all light rays are reflected, the object appears white; when none are reflected it is black. The intensity is the purity of colour. The colours, which are displayed in a rainbow are represented by the acronym VIBGYOR. We see a rainbow, because white light is split into different wavelengths. Choice of colour is not affected by : (1) Culture (2) Occasion (3) Personal preference (4) Monetary value
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	3
Question ID:	100803
Question Type:	MCQ

	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Colour is all around us in many forms. It is one of the most important aspects of all textile materials - be it for apparel, household, commercial or institutional use. The identity of the product is most often attributed to colour. Everyone responds to colour and has definite preferences. Colour reflects the season, events and the spirit of people. The choice is affected by culture, tradition, climate, season, occasion or purely personal reason. Colour is an important part of fashion. Designers carefully choose fabric colours to make a definite statement. Colour can be defined as reflection of light striking the surface sensation resulting from reflection of visible light rays that str
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Question:	cells in the nerves of the eye. The nerves send a message to the brain, which produces a sensation of a specific kind, and we see colour. The colour that is observed by the brain is dependent on the particular wavelength or combination of wavelengths of the light source. To see colour on any material, light must be reflected from the object to be seen by the eye. When all light rays are reflected, the object appears white; when none are reflected it is black. The intensity is the purity of colour. The colours, which are displayed in a rainbow are represented by the acronym VIBGYOR. We see a rainbow, because white light is split into different wavelengths. Brightness or dullness of colour is referred to as : (1) Intensity (2) Hue (3) Value (4) Rhythm
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	4
Question ID:	100804
Question Type:	MCQ

Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Colour is all around us in many forms. It is one of the most important aspects of all textile materials - be it for apparel, household, commercial or institutional use. The identity of the product is most often attributed to colour. Everyone responds to colour and has definite preferences. Colour reflects the season, events and the spirit of people. The choice is affected by culture, tradition, climate, season, occasion or purely personal reason. Colour is an important part of fashion. Designers carefully choose fabric colours to make a definite statement. Colour can be defined as reflection of light striking the surface of an object. It is the visual sensation resulting from reflection of visible light rays that strike the retina and stimulate cells in the nerves of the eye. The nerves send a message to the brain, which produces a sensation of a specific kind, and we see colour. The colour that is observed by the brain is dependent on the particular wavelength or combination of wavelengths of the light source. To see colour on any material, light must be reflected from the object to be seen by the eye. When all light rays are reflected, the object appears white; when none are reflected it is black. The intensity is the purity of colour. The colours, which are displayed in a rainbow are represented by the acronym VIBGYOR. We see a rainbow, because white light is split into different wavelengths. A colour can be seen by the eye when light is : (1) absorbed from object (2) reflected from object
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	(4) rejected by intermediates
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	5
Question ID:	100805
Question Type:	MCQ

Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Colour is all around us in many forms. It is one of the most important aspects of all textile materials - be it for apparel, household, commercial or institutional use. The identity of the product is most often attributed to colour. Everyone responds to colour and has definite preferences. Colour reflects the season, events and the spirit of people. The choice is affected by culture, tradition, climate, season, occasion or purely personal reason. Colour is an important part of fashion. Designers carefully choose fabric colours to make a definite statement. Colour can be defined as reflection of light striking the surface of an object. It is the visual sensation resulting from reflection of visible light rays that strike the retina and stimulate cells in the nerves of the eye. The nerves send a message to the brain, which produces a sensation of a specific kind, and we see colour. The colour that is observed by the brain is dependent on the particular wavelength or combination of wavelengths of the light source. To see colour on any material, light must be reflected from the object to be seen by the eye. When all light rays are reflected, the object appears white; when none are reflected it is black. The intensity is the purity of colour. The colours, which are displayed in a rainbow are represented by the acronym VIBGYOR. We see a rainbow, because white light is split into different wavelengths. Which of the following colours is not a part of VIBGYOR ? (1) Green (2) Red (3) Yellow (4) Rust
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A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	6
Question ID:	100806

Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Training is the systematic development of attitudes, knowledge, skills required by a person to perform a given task or job adequately. Development is the 'growth of an individual in terms of ability, understanding and awareness. It consists of guiding and directing member of the work force to enhance their knowledge base, apply this knowledge and translate them into skills in order to achieve the goals of the organization and its people. Career counselling and guidance, career planning management development are also key responsibility of Human Resource Development (HRD) Human Resource Development (HRD) Department also has the key responsibility of : (1) medical counselling and guidance (2) tourism counselling and guidance (3) career counselling and guidance (4) genetic counselling and guidance
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	7
Question ID:	100807
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Training is the systematic development of attitudes, knowledge, skills required by a person to perform a given task or job adequately. Development is the 'growth of an individual in terms of ability, understanding and awareness. It consists of guiding and directing member of the work force to enhance their knowledge base, apply this knowledge and translate them into skills in order to achieve the goals of the organization and its people. Career counselling and guidance, career planning management development are also key responsibility of Human Resource Development (HRD) Training is NOT the systematic development of : (1) attitudes (2) knowledge (3) skills (4) emotions
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE										
Item No:	8										
Question ID:	100808										
Question Type:	MCQ										
Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Training is the systematic development of attitudes, knowledge, skills required by a person to perform a given task or job adequately. Development is the 'growth of an individual in terms of ability, understanding and awareness. It consists of guiding and directing member of the work force to enhance their knowledge base, apply this knowledge and translate them into skills in order to achieve the goals of the organization and its people. Career counselling and guidance, career planning management development are also key responsibility of Human Resource Development (HRD) Match List - I with List - II. <table> <tr> <th>List - I</th><th>List - II</th></tr> <tr> <td>(A) Necessity of Training and Development</td><td>(I) retain right employee for right job</td></tr> <tr> <td>(B) Common Techniques of Training and Development</td><td>(II) attitudes, knowledge and skills</td></tr> <tr> <td>(C) Training is systematic development of</td><td>(III) raise standards of performance</td></tr> <tr> <td>(D) Important function of HR professional</td><td>(IV) group discussions</td></tr> </table> Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below : (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III) (2) (A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV) (3) (A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (III), (D) - (II) (4) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)	List - I	List - II	(A) Necessity of Training and Development	(I) retain right employee for right job	(B) Common Techniques of Training and Development	(II) attitudes, knowledge and skills	(C) Training is systematic development of	(III) raise standards of performance	(D) Important function of HR professional	(IV) group discussions
List - I	List - II										
(A) Necessity of Training and Development	(I) retain right employee for right job										
(B) Common Techniques of Training and Development	(II) attitudes, knowledge and skills										
(C) Training is systematic development of	(III) raise standards of performance										
(D) Important function of HR professional	(IV) group discussions										
A:	1										
B:	2										
C:	3										
D:	4										

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	9
Question ID:	100809
Question Type:	MCQ
	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Training is the systematic development of attitudes, knowledge, skills required by a person to perform a given task or job adequately. Development is the 'growth of an individual in terms of ability, understanding and awareness. It consists of guiding and directing member of the work force to enhance their knowledge base, apply th them into skills in order to achieve the goals of the organizati

Question:	Career counselling and guidance, career planning management development are also key responsibility of Human Resource Development (HRD) Common techniques of training and development include : (1) Shaming (2) Case studies (3) Punishment (4) Incentives
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	10
Question ID:	100810
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Read the passage carefully and attempt questions. Training is the systematic development of attitudes, knowledge, skills required by a person to perform a given task or job adequately. Development is the 'growth of an individual in terms of ability, understanding and awareness. It consists of guiding and directing member of the work force to enhance their knowledge base, apply this knowledge and translate them into skills in order to achieve the goals of the organization and its people. Career counselling and guidance, career planning management development are also key responsibility of Human Resource Development (HRD) Career preparation to be a HR professional requires : (A) Having a family (B) Clarity of goals and work ethics (C) Efficiency in time management (D) Vision and goals of department team, organization, etc (E) Dietary plans for daily living Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (E) only (2) (B), (C), (D) only (3) (B), (C), (E) only (4) (A), (B), (D) only
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
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Item No:	11
Question ID:	100811
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Which of the following provides family based care to the children to recover from traumatic experiences ? (1) ICDS (2) Observation homes (3) Children's homes (4) SOS children's villages
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	12
Question ID:	100812
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	One of the following initiatives has provision for eight years education for all children, including those with disabilities : (1) Serva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) (2) Non-Government Organisation (NGO) (3) Individualised Education Programme (IEP) (4) Rehabilitation Council of India (RCI)
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	13
Question ID:	100813
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The Central Agency which is constituted by Government of India to set up guidelines for adoption to safeguard the welfare and rights of children is : (1) SOS children's villages (2) Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) (3) Central Adoption Resource Agency (CARA)

	(4) National Service Volunteer Scheme (NSVS)
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	14
Question ID:	100814
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Difficulties in movements due to damage of bones, joints, muscles is termed as : (1) Locomotor disability (2) Autism (3) Cereberal Palsy (4) Visual impairment
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	15
Question ID:	100815
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The vision of providing family based care to orphans and abandoned children is met by _____. (1) Adoption policy (2) S.O.S village (3) Special homes (4) Children home
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	16
Question ID:	100816
Question Type:	MCQ

Question:	Self employment opportunity available to a person after studying Human Development is : (1) Working as a teacher in a school (2) Opening a day care centre (3) Working in a creche (4) Counsellor in hospital
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	17
Question ID:	100817
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	In India, after a massive earthquake, organization that will provide immediate assistance with emergency relief to children is : (1) National Service Scheme (NSS) (2) Children's home (3) Observation home (4) SOS children's village
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	18
Question ID:	100818
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Identify the standarization mark in the picture given below :  (1) Silkmark (2) Hallmark (3) Wool mark (4) Eco mark

A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	19
Question ID:	100819
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Which of the following skill is not required to work in the field of care and maintenance of fabric ? (1) Knowledge of material (2) knowledge of chemicals and their effect on fabrics (3) knowledge of human resources and ability to work with resources (4) knowledge of machinery and its functioning
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	20
Question ID:	100820
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The sector which lays more stress on aesthetics and finistring of clothes is : (1) Hotel (2) Hostel (3) Hospitals (4) Schools
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	21
Question ID:	100821
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Involvement of operator in washing machine is not required in (1) Manually operated machine

Question:	(2) Semi - automatic machine (3) Fully - automatic machine (4) Human operating machine
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	22
Question ID:	100822
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The professionals who interpret their research and creative ideas into apparel and then offers new style to the public are called : (1) Designers (2) Producers (3) Merchandisers (4) Manufacturers
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	23
Question ID:	100823
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Which of the following method of washing is used for front-loading machines ? (1) Agitation (2) Tumbling (3) Pulsation (4) Spinning
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	24
Question ID:	100824

Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	When lines meet to form an enclosed area, it is called _____. (1) Shape (2) Space (3) Pattern (4) Curved line
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	25
Question ID:	100825
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Market that are segmented on the basis of Cities, States and Regions are called _____. (1) Demographic (2) Geographic (3) Psychographic (4) Behavioural
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	26
Question ID:	100826
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Landscape management outside the hotel is the work responsibility of _____. (1) Guestroom brigade (2) Lost and found section (3) Linen and uniform (4) Horticulture and flower arrangement
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
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Item No:	27
Question ID:	100827
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The Delhi based consumer organization that brings out publication in interest of consumer is _____. (1) Consumer Education and Research Center (CERC) (2) Voluntary Organization in interest of Consumers Educations (VOICE) (3) Insight (4) Codex India
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	28
Question ID:	100828
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The focal point of any hotel is : (1) Back office (2) Front office (3) Housekeeping (4) Food and Beverage
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	29
Question ID:	100829
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The following medium is not an effective development communication tool : (1) Television (2) Radio (3) Internet (4) Debate
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

D:	4
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Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	30
Question ID:	100830
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The right to have access to products of varying quality and quantities, prices, size and design, at competitive prices and to choose according to one's requirements is referred to as the _____. (1) Right to safety (2) Right to seek redressal (3) Right to choose (4) Right to be informed
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	31
Question ID:	100831
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	A brief 10 - 60 seconds message broadcasted in between programs, generally in the form of jingles come under _____. (1) EDUSAT (2) PSA (3) RRE (4) SARI
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	32
Question ID:	100832
Question Type:	MCQ
	Products which are prepared by mixing and processing of indi

Question:	in relatively shelf stable food products such as bread, biscuits, ice cream, cakes, kulfi are called _____ goods ? (1) Medical (2) Functional (3) Formulated (4) Preserved
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	33
Question ID:	100833
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	To create awareness about the problems of a small village in Northwest Delhi, an experiment, 'Project village Chhatera', was started in 1969. The newspaper which was involved in this project was : (1) Times of India (2) Hindustan Times (3) Dainik Jagran (4) The Hindu
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	34
Question ID:	100834
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	The following pathogen causes food intoxication : (1) Staphylococcus aureus (2) Salmonella (3) Rotavirus (4) Norovirus
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	35
Question ID:	100835
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Poshan Abhiyaan is implemented by which department of Government of India ? (1) Ministry of Women and Child Development (2) Ministry of Labour (3) Ministry of Home Affairs (4) Ministry of Defence
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	36
Question ID:	100836
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Stages of apparel production are listed herewith. Arrange them in the correct sequence. (A) Inspection of raw material (B) Procurement of raw material (C) Assembly of the products (D) Laying and cutting of fabric (E) Finishing and Packaging Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below : (1) (B), (D), (A), (E), (C) (2) (B), (A), (D), (C), (E) (3) (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) (4) (A), (B), (D), (C), (E)
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	37
Question ID:	100837
Question Type:	MCQ
	Arrange the following steps of nutritional care during illness

Question:	(A) Diagnosis of nutritional problem (B) Evaluating nutritional care outcome (C) Assessing nutritional status (D) Nutritional intervention and change (if required) (E) Planning and prioritising nutritional intervention to meet needs Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below : (1) (C), (A), (E), (B), (D) (2) (C), (B), (A), (E), (D) (3) (D), (B), (A), (E), (C) (4) (B), (D), (A), (E), (C)
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	38
Question ID:	100838
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Arrange the following steps of fashion cycle in correct sequential order : (A) Decline in popularity (B) Peak of popularity (C) Introduction of a style (D) Increase in popularity (E) Rejection of style Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below : (1) (C), (B), (D), (A), (E) (2) (C), (A), (D), (B), (E) (3) (C), (D), (B), (A), (E) (4) (C), (A), (B), (E), (D)
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	39
Question ID:	100839
Question Type:	MCQ
	Arrange the list of special education methods in order of their

Question:	sequence .
	(A) IEP (Individualised Education Plan) (B) An assessment of the child's level in different area of development (C) Regular evaluation of IEP (D) Assessment of support services (E) Use of support services Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (C), (B), (D), (E) (2) (B), (D), (A), (C), (E) (3) (C), (D), (A), (B), (E) (4) (B), (A), (C), (D), (E)
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	40
Question ID:	100840
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Arrange the following functions of Human Resource Management in the proper sequence. (A) Ensuring fair, safe and equitable work environment (B) Sustaining high - performing employees (C) Recruiting and staffing (D) Ensuring compliance to regulations (E) Training and development of employees Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) (2) (D), (B), (E), (C), (A) (3) (C), (E), (D), (A), (B) (4) (E), (D), (C), (B), (A)
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	41
Question ID:	100841
Question Type:	MCQ

Question:	The basic concepts in food processing methods to prevent food spoilage are : (A) Lowering of temperature during storage (B) Avoid application of heat (C) Reduction of pH (D) Adding adequate amount of water (E) Controlling the availability of oxygen Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (B), (D), (C) only (2) (A), (B), (D) only (3) (A), (C), (E) only (4) (C), (D), (E) only
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	42
Question ID:	100842
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Nutritional care provided by a dietician, during illness is an orgazised group of activities and consists of : (A) Manufacturing of nutritional diets and supplements (B) Planning nutritional interventions (C) Diagnosis of nutritional problems (D) Evaluating nutritional care outcomes (E) Assessing nutritional status Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (B), (D), (E) only (2) (A), (C), (E) only (3) (A), (B), (C) only (4) (A), (C), (D) only
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	43
Question ID:	100843

Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	Some programmes implemented for elderly in India are : (A) National Old Age Pension Scheme (NOAPS) (B) Integrated Care Development Services (C) Day Care centers for Alzheimer's (D) National Service Scheme (E) Respite Care Homes and Continuous Care Homes Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (B), (C), (D) only (2) (A), (C), (D) only (3) (B), (D), (E) only (4) (A), (C), (E) only
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	44
Question ID:	100844
Question Type:	MCQ
Question:	As per the NCF (2005) publication the guiding principles of ECCE are : (A) Play as the basis for learning (B) Blend of textual and cultural sources (C) Cooking as the basis of education (D) Only formal education of interactions (E) Health, well being and healthy habits Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (B), (C), (D) only (2) (B), (D), (E) only (3) (A), (B), (E) only (4) (A), (B), (D) only
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	45
Question ID:	100845
Question Type:	MCQ

Question:	Identify the correct options by which market can be segmented : (A) Demographic segmentation (B) Geographic segmentation (C) Psychographic segmentation (D) Physiological segmentation (E) Religious segmentation Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (D), (C) only (2) (A), (B), (C) only (3) (B), (C), (D) only (4) (D), (E), (A) only
A:	1
B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

Section:	HOME SCIENCE												
Item No:	46												
Question ID:	100846												
Question Type:	MCQ												
Question:	Match List - I with List - II. <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th>List - I</th><th>List - II</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Fashion Cycle stage</td><td>Characteristics</td></tr> <tr> <td>(A) Introduction of a style</td><td>(I) Beginning of a new cycle</td></tr> <tr> <td>(B) Peak of popularity</td><td>(II) Height of popularity</td></tr> <tr> <td>(C) Decline in popularity</td><td>(III) Launch of a new style in market</td></tr> <tr> <td>(D) Obsolescence stage</td><td>(IV) Downfall of style</td></tr> </tbody> </table> Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (III) (2) (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I) (3) (A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV) (4) (A) - (I), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (II)	List - I	List - II	Fashion Cycle stage	Characteristics	(A) Introduction of a style	(I) Beginning of a new cycle	(B) Peak of popularity	(II) Height of popularity	(C) Decline in popularity	(III) Launch of a new style in market	(D) Obsolescence stage	(IV) Downfall of style
List - I	List - II												
Fashion Cycle stage	Characteristics												
(A) Introduction of a style	(I) Beginning of a new cycle												
(B) Peak of popularity	(II) Height of popularity												
(C) Decline in popularity	(III) Launch of a new style in market												
(D) Obsolescence stage	(IV) Downfall of style												
A:	1												
B:	2												
C:	3												
D:	4												

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	47
Question ID:	100847
Question Type:	MCQ

Question:	Match List - I with List - II.	
	List - I	List - II
	(Year of Development)	(Occurence of Invention)
	(A) 1810	(I) Louis Pasteur's research on spoilage of wine
	(B) January 2010	(II) Invention of instant soup mixes and ready to cook items.
	(C) 1864	(III) Canning process by Nicolas Appert
	(D) 20 th century	(IV) Setting of Mega food processing parks
	Choose the correct answer from the options given below :	
	(1) (A) - (IV), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)	
	(2) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)	
	(3) (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)	
	(4) (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)	
A:	1	
B:	2	
C:	3	
D:	4	

Section:	HOME SCIENCE												
Item No:	48												
Question ID:	100848												
Question Type:	MCQ												
Question:	Match List - I with List - II. <table><thead><tr><th>List - I</th><th>List - II</th></tr><tr><th>(Colour Scheme)</th><th>(Correct explanation)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>(A) Achromatic</td><td>(I) Colour combination using two or more hues</td></tr><tr><td>(B) Complementary</td><td>(II) One hue and a neutral</td></tr><tr><td>(C) Analogous</td><td>(III) Only neutrals</td></tr><tr><td>(D) Accented Neutral</td><td>(IV) Two hues that lie opposite</td></tr></tbody></table> Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A) - (IV), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (III) (2) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV) (3) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II) (4) (A) - (I), (B) - (IV), (C) - (II), (D) - (III)	List - I	List - II	(Colour Scheme)	(Correct explanation)	(A) Achromatic	(I) Colour combination using two or more hues	(B) Complementary	(II) One hue and a neutral	(C) Analogous	(III) Only neutrals	(D) Accented Neutral	(IV) Two hues that lie opposite
List - I	List - II												
(Colour Scheme)	(Correct explanation)												
(A) Achromatic	(I) Colour combination using two or more hues												
(B) Complementary	(II) One hue and a neutral												
(C) Analogous	(III) Only neutrals												
(D) Accented Neutral	(IV) Two hues that lie opposite												
A:	1												
B:	2												
C:	3												
D:	4												

Section:	HOME SCIENCE
Item No:	49

Question ID:	100849										
Question Type:	MCQ										
Question:	Match List - I with List - II. <table> <tr> <th>List - I (Divisions)</th><th>List - II (Activity)</th></tr> <tr> <td>(A) Merchandising division</td><td>(I) Inventory control</td></tr> <tr> <td>(B) Finance and control division</td><td>(II) Fashion coordination</td></tr> <tr> <td>(C) Operational division</td><td>(III) Publicity and public relation</td></tr> <tr> <td>(D) Sales and Promotion division</td><td>(IV) Customer service and receiving and making of merchandise</td></tr> </table> Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV) (2) (A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (III) (3) (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III) (4) (A) - (I), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (II)	List - I (Divisions)	List - II (Activity)	(A) Merchandising division	(I) Inventory control	(B) Finance and control division	(II) Fashion coordination	(C) Operational division	(III) Publicity and public relation	(D) Sales and Promotion division	(IV) Customer service and receiving and making of merchandise
List - I (Divisions)	List - II (Activity)										
(A) Merchandising division	(I) Inventory control										
(B) Finance and control division	(II) Fashion coordination										
(C) Operational division	(III) Publicity and public relation										
(D) Sales and Promotion division	(IV) Customer service and receiving and making of merchandise										
A:	1										
B:	2										
C:	3										
D:	4										

Section:	HOME SCIENCE										
Item No:	50										
Question ID:	100850										
Question Type:	MCQ										
Question:	Match List - I with List - II. <table> <tr> <th>List - I Terminology</th><th>List - II Correct Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>(A) Bowed filling</td><td>(I) Warp yarns having a longer diameter/smaller diameter</td></tr> <tr> <td>(B) Kink</td><td>(II) The colour of one area has bled</td></tr> <tr> <td>(C) Coarse end and fine end</td><td>(III) Filling yarns/colour patterns having a curvature</td></tr> <tr> <td>(D) Colour Run</td><td>(IV) A short length of yarn systematically doubled on itself</td></tr> </table> Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II) (2) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV) (3) (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV) (4) (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)	List - I Terminology	List - II Correct Description	(A) Bowed filling	(I) Warp yarns having a longer diameter/smaller diameter	(B) Kink	(II) The colour of one area has bled	(C) Coarse end and fine end	(III) Filling yarns/colour patterns having a curvature	(D) Colour Run	(IV) A short length of yarn systematically doubled on itself
List - I Terminology	List - II Correct Description										
(A) Bowed filling	(I) Warp yarns having a longer diameter/smaller diameter										
(B) Kink	(II) The colour of one area has bled										
(C) Coarse end and fine end	(III) Filling yarns/colour patterns having a curvature										
(D) Colour Run	(IV) A short length of yarn systematically doubled on itself										
A:	1										

B:	2
C:	3
D:	4

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