

JEE Main 2024 Mathematics Question Paper Jan 31 Shift 1 (B.E./B.Tech)

JEE Main Mathematics Questions

Ques 1. In the expansion of $(1 + x)(1 - x^2)(1 + 3/x + 3/x^2 + 1/x^3)^5$ the sum of coefficients of x^3 and x^{-13} is

Ans. 118

$$f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} x^3 & 2x^2 + 1 & 1 + 3x \\ 3x^2 + 2 & 2x & x^3 + 6 \\ x^3 - x & 4 & x^2 - 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

Ques 2. If for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$, then $2f(0) + f'(0)$ is equal to

Ans. 42

Ques 3. let 's' be the set of positive integral values of a for which

$$\frac{ax^2 + 2(a+1)x + 9a + 4}{x^2 + 8x + 32} < 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Then, the number of elements in 's' is

Ans. 0

Ques 4. If $f(x) = \frac{4x+3}{6x-4}, x \neq \frac{2}{3}$ and $(f \circ f)(x) = g(x)$, where

$g: \mathbb{R} - \left[\frac{2}{3}\right] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \left\{\frac{2}{3}\right\}$ then $(g \circ g \circ g)(4)$ is equal to

Ans. 4

Ques 5. If the system of linear equations $x - 2y + z = -4$; $2x + \alpha y + 3z = 5$ and $3x - y + \beta z = 3$ has infinitely many solutions then $12\alpha + 13\beta$ is equal to

Ans. 104.28

Ques 6. Sum of the series

$$\frac{1}{1-3 \cdot 1^2+1^4} + \frac{2}{1-3 \cdot 2^2+2^4} + \frac{3}{1-3 \cdot 3^2+3^4} + \dots$$

upto 10 terms is_____.

- A. -55/109
- B. 55/109
- C. 45/109
- D. - 45/109

Ans. A

Ques 7. If one of the diameters of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 10x + 4y + 13 = 0$ is a chord of another circle and whose center is the point of intersection of the lines $2x + 3y = 12$ and $3x - 2y = 5$ then the radius of the circle is

- A. 6
- B. $3\sqrt{2}$
- C. $\sqrt{20}$
- D. 4

Ans. A

Ques 8. An urn contains 15 red, 10 white, 60 orange balls, 15 green balls. 2 balls are taken with replacement. Find the probability 1 ball is red and the other ball is white.

- A. 2/27
- B. 3/22
- C. 1/33

D. 1/29

Ans. C

Ques 9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{|2 \sin x|} - 2|\sin x| - 1}{x^2}$ is

- A. Doesn't exist
- B. 2
- C. 1
- D. -1

Ans. B

Ques 10. Let $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = 4\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ and $\vec{c} = \hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ be 3 vectors. If a vector $\vec{p}$ satisfies $\vec{p} \times \vec{b} = \vec{c} \times \vec{b}$ and $\vec{p} \times \vec{a} = 0$ then $\vec{p} \cdot (\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k})$ is equal to

- A. 32
- B. 23
- C. 16
- D. 61

Ans. A

Ques 11. The solution of differential equation $y \frac{dx}{dy} = x(\log_e x - \log_e y + 1)$ $x > 0, y > 0$ and passing through (e, 1) is

- A. $|\log_e(y/x)| = y^2$
- B. $2|\log_e(x/y)| = y$
- C. $|\log_e(y/x)| = x$
- D. $|\log_e(x/y)| = y$

Ans. D

Ques 12. $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4)\}$ $R \subseteq S$ and S is an equivalence relation then the minimum number of elements to be added to R is n , then the value of n is?

Ans. 13